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The following circular Letter has been sent to the Romish Clergy of the diocese of Cloyne and Ross by their Titular Bishop:
"Dear Brethren in Jesus Christ,
"As it becometh the shepherd to be always watchful over his flock, notwithstanding that we are satisfied that you have read and executed our orders to you, the regulations lately agreed to by the Roman Catholic province, we earnestly exhort you, to shew yourselves vigilant pastors on all occasions, but more especially in these unhappy times, when the enemy of mankind has sown the seeds of riot and disorder among the lower class of people, of different denominations. You will, therefore, renew your former zeal (though greatly discouraged of late, by the repeated threats of those deluded insurgents, even on the lives of some of you) and finally shew those bees to unhappy as to join in those works of iniquity and darkness, that their illegal proceedings must eventually draw on themselves, if they do not desist from their said wicked practices and repent) the wrath of Almighty God, of which they render themselves unworthy members, by despising its authority, and the just reformation of the Legislature, whose wholesome laws they trampled under foot.
"You will also observe to them, that as to extortions, or even rigorous exactions of dues, which they held out as a pretended cause of complaint—and which, to our knowledge, scarcely existed any where) have been carefully attended to by the Prelates, whose regulations we are determined, if necessary, to enforce.
"And that all future cause of such like complaints may be entirely done away, we exhort you to convince your deluded flocks, both by word and example, that on all occasions, you will shew yourselves worthy ministers of the Gospel, feeding those committed to your care with wholesome doctrine, shewing them that as Christians and subjects, they are indispensably obliged to be amenable, and shew every respect to the laws of their country, whose lenity they have lately experienced, and might, by their proper deportment, expect more from the humanity of the Legislature.
"We also earnestly desire you to be as little burdensome to the people committed to your care as you possibly can; and to recommend to them, not to put themselves, on your account, to any additional expence or station of places that can be expensive in these dioceses, as the christenings are generally performed at the chapels or the priests houses. And we strictly enjoin, that no clergyman under our care be to meanly mercenary as to demand any thing for the administering of sacraments; but after having performed the sacred functions of their ministry, then gratefully accept from their parishioners the dues conformable to the regulations of the Prelates, and generally observed for many years past; and which dues, if regularly paid, (which to our knowledge is not the case) would afford but very scanty means of subsistence to our clergy, especially in these days when the value of money is low, and the necessities of life greatly enhanced, which will clearly appear to any impartial Judge who, who taking a retrospective view of the many opulent Roman Catholic Gentlemen and parishes, who, in times past, in each of their clergy (who then had larger districts than now) in a decent becoming manner, compared them with the poverty of the present Roman Catholics, one third of whom, generally speaking, seldom or never contribute towards the subsistence of the Priests.

persons, on account, it is said, of his being employed in drawing the tythe corn of a gentleman in the neighbourhood.
KILKENNY, September 27.
The petition agreed to be presented by this county, on the subject of tythes, to parliament, has effectually composed the uneasinesses of the people, who have renounced every species of tumult, and with temper and confidence rely upon the wisdom of parliament.—Infinite praise is due to Mr. Alecock for the suggestion of a measure that proves thus equally politic and humane.
We hear from Maryborough, that Moran, a noted highwayman and captain of a gang that some months ago infested the Queen's County, was on Saturday last found guilty of a robbery, and received sentence of death.
Carlow and Athy affizes proved maiden ones. Married. Mr. Henry Flood, S. T. C. to Miss Catharine Parson, daughter of Saunders Barton, esq; of Rathcullen.—On Friday, Mr. Richard Archdeacon, to the agreeable Miss Margaret Belcher, daughter of Mr. Arthur Belcher, of Kells.
LIMERICK.
This day George Smyth, esq; was unanimously elected Recorder of this City, in the room of Thomas Lloyd, esq; who resigned; after which he was sworn into office, and William Fitz Gerald, Esq; Mayor, William Perry, Esqrs Sheriffs, Henry Role, } were also sworn into Office for the ensuing Year.
When the new magistrates were sworn, the late Mayor, Sir Christopher Knight, having continued his unremitting exertions in the Public service, until the last day of his Mayoralty, was chaired with loud acclamations of the people, and carried through the city, attended by the new Mayor, Sheriffs, city Regalia, and the band of Mullick belonging to the 27th regiment.
The Mayor gives this early Notice, that he is determined to discharge to the utmost of his Power, the trust reposed in him by the City, he will be exceedingly thankful for the earliest information of any illegal practices that might be carried on by the Inhabitants.
Last Saturday Richard Bagg and Michael Cahircouligh, pursuant to their sentence at the Quanne, where whipped through the town of Cahircouligh, for unlawfully assembling at the as White Boys the 11th of June last. On this occasion the High Sheriff and a number of Magistrates attended, and the prisoners were guarded by a strong detachment of the 12th Light Dragoons and 27th regiment of foot.
TO THE PRINTER,
SIR,
I have taken your Paper since its first publication, and never had cause to complain of it until now—My complaint is, that you gave no notice of the county meeting held last Tuesday, I cannot suppose that it was not sent to be inserted in your Paper, which I find considered as the first in credit and circulation, must think its not appearing in it was owing to inadvertence and the hurry of your business—Surely a Meeting, the objects of which were of so great Magnitude as an address to our beloved Sovereign, on the providential escape of his most precious life, and the consideration of the state of this county should have been notified as publicly as possible; though I have heard it complained of by many, who attended the meeting, that they heard of it by chance, and that the partial notice given of it in Print, did not as is usual specify the purposes for which it was convened. It is due to the Public and yourself to apologize on this occasion. I therefore desire you may insert this in your next Publication, with your usual civility.

21. The more airy the situation the better. should be built in such situations, as that the Westerly winds should not blow from the prison on the Town, they being the prevalent winds in the county.
4th. That every prison should as it were be insulated, no part of it, not even the outside walls, having any connection with any other building. Nor should it be overlooked, nor any of its yards if possible, by any other inhabited buildings, as correspondences may be carried on, militating against the security and police of the prison; and if to prevent these disadvantages, the walls are built high, the yards must necessarily lose the advantages of ventilation.
5th. Prisons should not be built in the heart of any town, or in any other situation crowded with inhabitants, nor should they be in places much resorted to. It is sufficient for their security, that they should be in the vicinity of the town, provided good situations can be found, but at such distance, as to render it convenient for the guard of the barrack to assist at the shortest notice, in aid of the particular guard of the Jail.
6th. The guard of every prison should be specially appointed to that particular duty, and made accountable, during the time of remaining there, for every neglect or misdemeanor committed by the members composing it, nor should they have any other duty to do, save the duty of the Jail only.
7th. The greatest advantages must arise from having strong currents of water to pass through the prison yards; &c. for keeping the sewers well cleansed, the baths filled, and serving for all culinary purposes.
8th. In the cupola of the Prison, or on some elevated part of it, a bell should be hung for the purpose of giving the alarm, to the barrack or town, in case of any extraordinary misdemeanors in the prison, or any attempt of the prisoners to break the Jail.
Died. On Sunday Evening, at Riversdale, the feat of George Gun, Esq; after a tedious and painful illness, which she bore with the greatest piety, fortitude and resignation, Miss Tierney, daughter to the late Michael Tierney, of the city of Limerick, Esq; a young lady whose amiable manners and sweetness of temper endeared her to all her family and friends.—Last night at Fedamore, Margret Parker, second daughter to the Rev. John Parker.
* * * A FEW Hogheads of NEW-FOUNDLAND TRAIN OIL, to be Sold reasonably, by MICHAEL ROCHFORD. Limerick, Sept. 14, 1786.
To be Immediately Let,
THE Holdings of Mr. Frederick Bourke, at Castle-Connell, containing about 35 Acres, either in the Whole or in three Divisions. Proposals to be made to JOHN SWETE, Esq; in Cork, or to JAMES GUBBINS, Esq; Kenmare-Castle. [sp] October 2, 1786.
A Caution.
AS Thomas Cade who lived with me for a few Months, conducted himself dishonestly (by taking up money in my name without my direction,) I feel it incumbent on me to caution any Gentleman against hiring him. Limerick, Oct. 2, 1786. HENRY DWYER.
Reilly against Mitchell and Thomas Bennis. John Ferrar, against

To be Let,
By the REV. ARCHDEACON WIGHT,
As soon as Agreed for.
THE HOUSE he now lives in at Newtown-Pery, with Coach house, Stable, and other Convenient Offices, all in very good Repair, and well and completely Sealed. He will expect a Fine and give reasonable time for the Payment thereof, and will Receive Proposals at his said House, at Newtown-Pery. Sept. 28, 1786.
At a Meeting of the Merchants, Traders, and the Neighbouring Inhabitants of the City of Limerick, held in the City Court House, pursuant to Advertisement, on the 25th September 1786.
Sir CHRISTOPHER KNIGHT, Mayor in the Chair.
RESOLVED, THAT the BUTTER TRADE is nearly lost to the City.
RESOLVED, That the speediest and most effectual method of bringing back the Butter Trade to this City, would be by appointing a Public Taster to be Sworn at the General Quarter Sessions, who should ascertain the Quality of Butter for the City of Limerick, to be paid by the Merchant, at the rate of One Penny per Cask, and Firkin, for his Trouble.
RESOLVED, That George Vincent, Esq; Weigh-master of this City be, and is hereby requested to appoint such Taster of Butter, (he being the only Person as is apprehended empowered by Law to do so) and to hold out every encouragement to the County, to resort this Market, by assuring them he will give them every dispatch and assistance in his power.
RESOLVED, That such Taster of Butter do ascertain the Quality, and mark it on each Cask and Firkin, immediately on its coming to the Weigh House, and before it is marked with any Buvee's name.
RESOLVED, That the unanimous Thanks of PHER KNIGHT, Mayor, for his Impartial Conduct on this Occasion, and his unwearied Attention to the General Welfare of this City.
Stamp Office,
Limerick 25th September 1786.
THE Public are requested to take Notice, that in pursuance of Orders received from the Commissioners for managing His Majesty's Stamp Duties. I am determined to put the Law in force against every Person, "Who shall BUY or SELL, or HAVE or KEEP in HIS, HER, or THEIR POSSESSION, any UNSTAMPED News Papers, and also against every Printer who shall Print or Publish the same."
PHILIP WALSH, Distributer of Stamps.
N. B. The Penalty for buying or keeping in possession any Unstamped News Papers, is FIVE POUNDS.
TO BE LET.
FOR THIRTY-ONE Years and immediate Possession given, about Seventy Acres, Plantation Measure of the lands of **MONENACON**, near Kilmallock, part of the Estate of RICHARD SMYTH, of Ballinacree, in the County of Waterford, Esq; Proposals will be received by said RICHARD SMYTH, (now in Malrow) and by his Agent, PETER BAYLY, Attorney, in Youghall. April 12, 1786.
PRICE of GOODS at LIMERICK.
On Saturday last, the 30th. of September.
Rape Seed 20s. to 21s. per War. of 16 Stones.
Beef, 3d per lb.
Mutton, 3d per lb.
Rendered Tallow, 5s. 2d. to 5s. 4d. per cwt.
Rough Tallow, 5s. 3d. per stone.
Old Wheat, 12d per stone.
New Wheat 10d. to 11d. per stone.
Oaten Meal, 9s. to 9s. 4d. per Cwt.
Wool 16s. to 17s. per cwt.
Barley